



**Caerphilly County Borough Council**

**Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicles**

**INSPECTION STANDARDS**

**A best practice guide which sets out the procedures and standards for those who carry out inspections, proprietors and the travelling public.**

**Policy Approved 11<sup>th</sup> December 2014**

**Policy Effective From 1<sup>st</sup> January 2015**

**Policy amended 24<sup>th</sup> September 2015**  
(Point 6.5 regarding tinting of windows)

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## **INTRODUCTION**

This document is intended to provide comprehensive information regarding the licensing of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles. The information includes issues relating to vehicle specification and testing standards. It is primarily intended to set out the procedures and standards for those who carry out inspections of hackney carriage and private hire vehicles, vehicle proprietors, regulators and the travelling public who may find it useful as it details the standards that vehicles are subjected to.

The policy was approved at a meeting of Caerphilly County Borough Council's Licensing Committee on 11<sup>th</sup> December 2014.

### **Purpose**

The aim of a local licensing authority is to protect the public. Caerphilly County Borough Council believes that the public should have reasonable access to safe and well maintained HC and PHVs and promoting the taxi trade as a professional public service provider forming a vital part of the Authority's transport infrastructure.

This standard is intended to be a working document and may therefore be subject to regular review and amendment. Although detailed in its content it is not exhaustive.

### **Equalities Statement**

Caerphilly is an area of increasing diversity, which brings positive benefits to us all. It is crucial that the council reflects this diversity but also ensures that all our citizens have equal access to and equal outcomes from the services that are provided by the council. All staff must promote equal opportunities as part of their everyday work and work in a positive way to include people from different backgrounds, to that end all customers will be treated courteously and with respect both when corresponding with those individuals and organisations and during the licensing approval process itself.

All types of harassment, victimisation and bullying in the workplace and in the community are unacceptable and as such members of staff are as entitled as customers to be protected. Abuse or harassment of staff whether verbally or physically will not be tolerated.

In granting licences, the Council expects that applicants should take all reasonable and practical steps to prevent and eliminate unlawful discrimination and to promote equality of opportunity and good relations within and between staff, customers and visitors. This is irrespective of a person's ethnic origin, gender, age, marital status, sexual orientation, disability, religion, language or nationality.

Applicants for taxi licences should be aware that they have to be considered 'fit and proper persons' to hold such licences. Incidents of abuse or harassment towards any member of staff may jeopardise the licence, whilst complaints against staff will be thoroughly investigated.

### **Specification Of Vehicle Types That May Be Licensed**

The legislation gives local authorities a wide range of discretion over the types of vehicle that can be licensed as HC or PHVs. Normally, best practice is for local licensing authorities to adopt the principle of specifying as many different types of vehicles as possible. The parameters for determining whether a vehicle is suitable to be operated as a HC or PHV are set out below. The intention being to keep it open where possible for the HC and PHV trades to put forward vehicles of their own choice which can be shown to meet those criteria. In that way, there can be flexibility for new vehicle types to be readily taken into account.

## Type Approval

From time to time Caerphilly Council is asked to licence, as a HC or PHV, a vehicle that has been imported independently (that is, by somebody other than the manufacturer). Such a vehicle might meet the licensing criteria but nonetheless not be compliant with the wider rules for foreign vehicles being used in the UK. Such vehicles will be subject to the “type approval” rules. For passenger cars up to 10 years old at the time of first GB registration, this means meeting the technical standards of either:

- European Whole Vehicle Type Approval;
- British National Type Approval; or
- British Single Vehicle Approval (before 29 April 2009) or:
- Individual Vehicle Approval(from April 2009)

Most Registration Certificates issued since late 1998 should indicate the approval status of the vehicle. Further Information about these requirements and the procedures for licensing and registering imported vehicles can be seen at: [www.dft.gov.uk](http://www.dft.gov.uk).

*Please note that the reference to vehicle being up to 10 years old at date of first GB registration refers solely to the type approval NOT to the age of first licensing with Caerphilly County Borough Council. Vehicles must be under 4 years old at date of first registration when applying for an initial licence and vehicles may continue to be licensed until 10 years of age.*

## Definition of Motor Vehicles

Category	Definition
<b>M</b>	A motor vehicle with at least four wheels designed and constructed for the carriage of passengers
<b>M1</b>	Vehicles designed and constructed for the carriage of passengers and comprising no more than eight seats in addition to the driver seat.

**At least one** of the above “type of approvals” must be produced prior to **any imported vehicle** being licensed as a Hackney Carriage or Private Hire Vehicle by Caerphilly County Borough Council

## Voluntary Inspections

Vehicles that are already registered for use in the UK are not eligible for a Single Vehicle Approval, however, there are situations where evidence of compliance with the approval standard would be beneficial or be a requirement. An example would be where Caerphilly Council require evidence of compliance for a vehicle that has been modified since original registration, or where evidence of compliance is being used as part of a contractual agreement on a modified vehicle. To facilitate this requirement a non-statutory “Voluntary SVA” or “Voluntary IVA” test is available. The test criteria applied will be dependant on the vehicle/test required other than VAT is payable. If the vehicle is found to meet the requirements a letter of compliance is not acceptable for first licensing/registration purposes.

### **Fire Extinguisher**

All vehicles should be equipped with a fire extinguisher of British Standard No BS5423 or EN3 of one of the following types – water, CO2 or foam, or dry powder and shall bear the manufacturer's expiry date.

### **Vehicle Testing**

1. All vehicles on initial application should be of such standard and condition so as to have passed the MoT and safety/cosmetic test as specified by the Council.
2. On subsequent applications vehicles should be inspected every twelve months at a place specified by the Council. This inspection will include the MoT and safety/cosmetic check as set by the Council.

### **Wheelchair Accessibility**

1. Any vehicle presented for licensing for the first occasion with wheelchair accessibility will only be licensed if the vehicle meets either the M1 European Community Whole Vehicle Type Approval, EC Small Series Type Approval (ECSSTA) or National Small Series Type Approval (NSSTA).
2. A Certificate of Conformity (CoC) must be produced when licensing a wheelchair accessible vehicle on the first occasion.

### **Fitness standard for vehicles**

The Caerphilly County Borough Council vehicle fitness standard is based on the National Inspection Standard and has been the subject of consultation. The purpose being to assist those who inspect, maintain and prepare vehicles for inspection prior to being issued with a Hackney Carriage or Private Hire licence. It is intended that this document will ensure a consistent minimum vehicle inspection standard.

To this end, this document details specific vehicle safety issues and requirements of licensed vehicles. It seeks to embrace safety aspects of vehicle inspections using, as a basic inspection standard, those laid down in the MOT Inspection Manual for Car & Light Commercial Vehicle Testing issued by VOSA. This guide provides additional testing requirements to those in the MOT Inspection Manual and all HC and PHV must be maintained to no less than the standards set out in the VOSA publication "MOT Inspection Manual – Car and Light Commercial", ISBN 0-9549239-0-1. However, in assessing the mechanical safety of a vehicle, it is more likely an item which would ordinarily pass an MOT test with an advisory note, could fail the HC & PHV test. The guide also explains the reasons why a vehicle presented for inspection, may not be considered suitable to be licensed.

As the term implies, Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicles are vehicles used for hire and reward purposes and as such are subject to much higher annual mileages and more arduous driving than normal private vehicles. Therefore, in the interests of passenger and other road user's safety, a more stringent maintenance and testing regime is required.

It is an offence under the road traffic regulations to use an un-roadworthy vehicle on the public highway. HC & PHV proprietors who fail to maintain their vehicles in a safe and roadworthy condition may have their licence suspended or revoked by the Licensing Authority.

### **Certificate of compliance**

Once a vehicle has been tested and has been deemed to comply with the standards as set out in this document it will be issued with a certificate of compliance by the testing station. On production of that certificate at the licensing office the vehicle can be licensed as a hackney

carriage or private hire (subject to other factors such as relevant insurance, proof of ownership etc).

Incidental to the certificate of compliance the testing station will issue an MOT certificate at no additional cost. The reason for issuing an MOT certificate, is that the base requirements of the standard are in fact those required for an MOT. There is no additional cost incurred when being presented with an MOT certificate but it is a recognition that the vehicle has passed those requirements as well as the standards set out for licensed vehicles.

### **Presenting vehicle for test**

The vehicle must be presented for test in such a condition that if the vehicle passed its test it could be used immediately (as soon as the licence is issued) as either a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle. Vehicles presented for test should conform to the following:

- a) Exterior must be clean
- b) Interior surfaces and upholstery must be clean
- c) All windows and mirrors must be clean and free from marks, grease, etc
- d) All loose seat covers must be removed to allow for inspection of seat cushions. (Professionally fitted/tailored seat covers will not be required to be removed).
- e) Hub caps must be removed from the wheels prior to inspection but should be available in the vehicle.
- f) No smoking signs must be correctly fixed to side windows.
- g) Hackney carriages which are being inspected for the purpose of renewal of licence must display tariff sheets within the vehicles in such a position that they can be clearly seen and read by passengers.
- h) Meters where fitted must be located in such a position that they can be easily seen by passengers in the rear of the vehicle and must not be located behind any fixture, fitting or equipment such as gear sticks, steering wheels, mobile phone holders etc. The position of the meter, if in the wiper sweep area shall be clear of zone A.
- i) Meters where fitted must be secure, wired in such a manner that the wires are not subject to chaffing, rubbing, breakage etc and must be so secured that the wires cannot be tampered with. Meters must be sealed in accordance with Caerphilly County Borough Council conditions.
- j) Top signs where fitted must be secure, wired in such a manner that the wires are not subject to chaffing, rubbing, breakage etc and must be so secured that the wires cannot be tampered with.
- k) The engine bay should be reasonably clean.
- l) Where the test is in respect of a renewal of a licence the plates (including front, rear and side) must be firmly fixed and displayed on the vehicle. If the expiry date of the licence has past, the plates must be carried within the vehicle (but not in such a position as to be visible to the public – preferably in the boot) and surrendered to the garage prior to the test commencing.
- m) In respect of hackney carriages all roof signs must be linked/wired to the meter in such a manner that when the meter is engaged the roof sign is not illuminated.

The inspection standards are set out at Appendix A. Please note that licensed vehicles may only tow trailers (associated with fee paying journeys such as transporting passengers and luggage to airports, etc.) that have been checked and tested. A model pass certificate for a trailer is attached at Appendix B below.

### **Inspection Process**

This document clearly sets out the mechanism that will be followed by the inspectors designated by Caerphilly County Borough Council when a vehicle is presented for testing.

The purpose of this procedure is to ensure consistency of approach and that customers are fully aware of their rights and obligations in respect of vehicles being tested. The procedure will be regularly reviewed and updated as necessary.

1. All appointments for testing of taxi vehicles must be pre-booked.
2. If the vehicle is being presented for a retest every effort will be made to ensure that retest is conducted by the same tester as conducted the initial test. However it will be appreciated that this cannot be guaranteed due to a range of factors such as service demands, absence, etc.
3. On day of appointment the person presenting vehicle for test must attend at the designated testing station at least 15 minutes prior to the allotted appointment time with the vehicle to avoid any unnecessary delays.
4. Tester to conduct test and provide customer with a pass/fail certificate. If the vehicle has failed the test, a further appointment will be required for a retest.
5. Where there may be some question mark / dispute regarding a failure the matter will be assessed for final determination by a quality assessor based at the testing station. Customers may also seek resolution of disputes regarding only the MOT elements of the test with VOSA.
6. In very exceptional circumstances where a vehicle has failed the test, the Licensing Office may still grant a licence. It must be stressed that these are very exceptional circumstances only and would be for example; where the vehicle is subject to an unresolved insurance claim and full documentary evidence is provided to substantiate why minor repair works that do not impact on customer safety or comfort have not been carried out. This will NOT apply where there has been any damage that affected the mechanical safety of the vehicle, it will ONLY apply to cosmetic issues.

### **Novelty Vehicles**

Novelty vehicles such as stretch limousines, adapted commercial vehicles (eg fire engines) or other non standard vehicles intended to be used for hackney carriage or private hire purposes will be subject to specific testing regimes which may be conducted at a specialised garage authorised for the purpose by Caerphilly County Borough Council.

## APPENDIX A

### The Inspection Of Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Vehicles

This document sets out the procedures and standards for those who carry out inspections of Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Vehicles. Proprietors, operators and drivers of Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Vehicles may find it useful as it details the standards that vehicles are subject to which are over and above the MOT requirements. The guide also explains the reasons why, a vehicle presented for inspection, has not been issued with a pass certificate.

The purpose of the HC & PHV test is to confirm vehicles meet these more stringent standards. Vehicles must be submitted fully prepared for the test. It is not intended that the test be used in lieu of a regular preventative maintenance programme.

If in the opinion of the vehicle examiner the vehicle is not in a safe condition or is potentially contaminated (for example if it has been used to transport dangerous substances), the test may be terminated and a further test could be required when the vehicle is in a suitable condition.

<b><u>Section</u></b>	<b><u>Subject</u></b>	<b><u>Page Number</u></b>
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<b>6</b>	<b>Drivers View of the Road:</b> 6.1 Mirrors 6.3 Windscreen – View top the Front 6.5 Window Glass or Other Transparent Material	



<b>7</b>	<b>Additional Requirements:</b> 7.1 Speedometer 7.2 Transmission 7.3 Engine & Transmission Mountings 7.4 Oil & Water Leaks 7.5 Luggage/Load Space 7.6 Trailers & Towbars	
<b>8</b>	<b>Ancillary Equipment:</b> 8.1 Wheelchair Restraint & Access Equipment 8.2 Fire Extinguisher 8.3 First Aid Kit 8.4 Meters 8.5 CCTV cameras or other ancillary equipment	
<b>9</b>	<b>Display of Information</b> 9.1 Advertising 9.2 No Smoking signage	

All HC and PHV must be maintained to no less than the standards set out in the VOSA publication "MOT Inspection Manual – Car and Light Commercial", ISBN 0-9549239-0-1.

### **Section 1 – Lighting And Signalling Equipment**

#### **Section Contents:**

Sub-section	Subject
1.3	Stop Lamps – High Level Stop Lamps
1.8	Electrical Wiring and Equipment
1.9	Additional Lamps <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reversing Lamps</li> <li>• Front Fog/ Driving Lamps</li> <li>• For Hire and Roof Signs</li> </ul>

#### 1.3 Stop Lamps – High Level Stop Lamps

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
Any additional stop lamps fitted and connected must be tested. Where high level stop lamps are fitted and there is doubt as to whether they are connected, the benefit of this doubt should be given to the presenter.  Check the high level stop lamp where fitted:	High Level Stop Lamp

<p><b>a.</b> Is not obscured, and is not obviously incorrectly positioned.</p> <p><b>b.</b> At least 50% of the lamp must be visible from the rear.</p>	<p><b>a.</b> Obscured or obviously incorrectly positioned.</p> <p><b>b.</b> More than 50% of the lamp not working or obscured.</p>
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### 1.8 Electrical Wiring and Equipment

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p>This examination is limited to that part of the electrical system that can be readily seen without dismantling any part of the vehicle</p> <p><b>a.</b> Check all electrical wiring for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Condition</li> <li>• Security</li> <li>• Position</li> <li>• Signs of Overheating</li> <li>• Heavy Oil Contamination</li> </ul> <p><b>b.</b> Battery and Carrier for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Security</li> <li>• Battery for Leaks</li> </ul> <p><b>c.</b> Check all switches controlling all obligatory lights</p>	<p><b>a.</b> Wiring</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not adequately insulated</li> <li>• Not adequately secured</li> <li>• Position so that it is chafing or clipped to a fuel line or likely to be damaged by heat so that insulation will become ineffective</li> <li>• With clear evidence of overheating</li> <li>• Heavily contaminated with oil</li> </ul> <p><b>b.</b> Battery and Carrier</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A battery and / or carrier not secure and likely to become displaced</li> <li>• Battery leaking</li> </ul> <p><b>c.</b> Insecurity or malfunction of a switch controlling an obligatory light.</p>

### 1.9 Additional Lamps

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p>With the ignition switched on check: <u>Reversing Lamps:</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> The Reversing Lamps emit a diffused white light when reverse gear is selected.</p> <p><b>b.</b> The lamps extinguish when neutral gear is selected</p> <p><b>c.</b> The lamps are in good working order and are secure</p>	<p><u>Reversing Lamp:</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> That fails to operate or does not emit a white diffused light.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Fails to extinguish when neutral or forward gear is selected</p> <p><b>c.</b> Are not in good working order or insecure</p>

<p><b>d.</b> The lamps do not flicker</p> <p><u>Front Fog / Driving Lamps</u></p> <p>Check that:</p> <p><b>e.</b> A single front fog lamp emitting a white or yellow diffused light illuminates only when dipped beam is selected</p> <p><b>f.</b> A pair of matched of lamps both emitting a white or yellow diffused light should illuminate together</p> <p><b>g.</b> A pair of matched, long-range driving lamps, both emitting a white diffused light should illuminate together.</p> <p><u>'For Hire' and Roof Signs</u></p> <p><b>h.</b> Ensure the sign is securely fastened to the vehicle</p> <p><b>i.</b> Check condition and security of wiring</p> <p><b>j.</b> Functional test of signs for illumination</p> <p><b>k.</b> Hackney Carriages top light to be linked / wired to/through meter.</p>	<p><b>d.</b> Lamps flicker</p> <p><u>Front Fog / Driving Lamps</u></p> <p><b>e.</b> Lamp inoperative or operates other than in dipped beam mode</p> <p><b>f.</b> Lamps operate incorrectly</p> <p><b>g.</b> Lamps operate incorrectly</p> <p><u>'For Hire' and Roof Signs</u></p> <p><b>h.</b> Insecure sign</p> <p><b>i.</b> Wiring is not in good condition and is loose or chaffed</p> <p><b>j.</b> Illumination not consistent across the sign, i.e. all light bulb(s) LED(s) illuminated when switched on.</p> <p><b>k.</b> Top light remains illuminated when meter is engaged.</p>
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## **Section 2 – Steering**

### Section Contents:

Sub-section	Subject
2.1	Steering Control – Steering Wheel
2.1	Steering Control – Steering Column
2.4	Suspension Spring Units and Linkages

### 2.1 Steering Control – Steering Wheel

<p><b>Method Of Inspection</b></p> <p>With both hands rock the steering wheel from side to side at right angles to the steering column and apply slight downward and upward pressure to the steering wheel rim (in line with column). Note:</p>	<p><b>Reason For Rejection</b></p>
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<p><b>a.</b> Fractures in steering wheel hub.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Fractures in steering wheel rim.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Steering wheel spokes loose or fractured.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Jagged edges on steering wheel rim.</p> <p><b>e.</b> If possible, check the retaining device on the steering wheel is fitted.</p>	<p><b>a.</b> Steering wheel hub fractured</p> <p><b>b.</b> Steering wheel rim fractured.</p> <p><b>c.</b> A steering wheel spoke loose or fractured.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Jagged edges on steering wheel rim likely to injure the driver</p> <p><b>e.</b> A steering wheel hub-retaining device is not fitted.</p>
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## 2.1 Steering Control – Steering Column

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p><b>a.</b> Try to lift the steering in line with the steering column and not the movement at the centre of the steering wheel.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Push steering wheel away and then pull it towards you. Note any side play.</p> <p><b>c.</b> While steering wheel is rotated, check for deterioration in any flexible coupling or universal joint of steering column.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Where practical, check any clamp bolts for presence and security of locking devices. (These may be located in the engine compartment or under chassis).</p>	<p><b>a.</b> Excessive movement of centre of steering wheel in line with steering column (end float). <b>Note:</b> Certain types of steering column might show some movement not due to excessive wear, e.g. those fitted with universal joints or flexible couplings.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Excessive side play indicating worn top bearings or insecure top mounting bracket.</p> <p><b>c.</b> A flexible coupling or universal joint deteriorated, worn or insecure.</p> <p><b>d.</b> A coupling clamp bolt or locking device loose or missing.</p>

## 2.4 Suspension Spring Units And Linkages

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p><u>Coil Springs</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> Welding Repairs</p>	<p><u>Coil Springs</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> Repaired By Welding</p>

## **Section 3 – Tyres & Roadwheels**

### Section Contents:

Sub-section	Subject
3.1	Tyres – Condition

### 3.1 Tyres

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p data-bbox="186 331 289 359"><u>Wheels</u></p> <p data-bbox="186 363 714 457">All hub caps must be removed prior to inspection, to allow for inspection of wheel nuts.</p> <p data-bbox="186 531 714 625">Advisory: Where hub caps are available / used they should be a matched set and be in good condition</p> <p data-bbox="186 663 435 690"><u>Condition Of Tyres</u></p> <p data-bbox="186 695 714 1024">On all the tyres, including the spare wheel (in all vehicles except those where the vehicle is fitted with an alternative such as tyre weld, or limited mileage emergency use only tyres), examine each tyre meets all the requirements laid down in the MOT Inspection Manual for Car &amp; Light Commercial Vehicles (ISBN 0-9549239-0-1)</p> <p data-bbox="186 1029 714 1228"><b>Advisory:</b> Tyres should be replaced where the tyre depth is below two millimetres. Brake pads should also be replaced where they are close to the limit at which they would be required to be replaced.</p> <p data-bbox="186 1266 618 1293"><u>Tools for changing wheels / tyres</u></p> <p data-bbox="186 1297 714 1465">It is a requirement of the licence for hackney carriages and private hire vehicles that they must have the tools for the changing of a spare wheel and tyre.</p> <p data-bbox="186 1503 277 1530"><b>Note 1</b></p> <p data-bbox="186 1535 714 1755">Where a doughnut tank is fitted in the boot for LPG, the spare wheel if still carried in the boot must be properly secured. Alternatively, a spare wheel cage installed to manufacturers and British Standards may be fitted to the underside of the vehicle.</p>	<p data-bbox="734 363 1435 489">Failure to remove hub caps (even on request) prior to inspection thereby preventing the checking of wheel nuts. Wheel nuts must be checked to ensure that all required are present and are properly secured.</p> <p data-bbox="734 695 1435 758">In accordance with MOT Inspection Manual for Car &amp; Light Commercial Vehicles (ISBN 0-9549239-0-1)</p> <p data-bbox="734 1234 1435 1297">No tools in the vehicles to enable a spare wheel and tyre to be changed.</p> <p data-bbox="734 1398 829 1425"><b>Note 2</b></p> <p data-bbox="734 1430 1435 1598">Space saver tyres should only be approved with the support of a method statement highlighting driver responsibilities with regard to the maximum permitted speed and that space savers are a temporary 'get-you-home-tyre'.</p>

## **Section 4 – Body and Structure**

### **Section Contents:**

Sub-section	Subject
4.1	Vehicle Body and Condition – (Exterior)
4.1	Vehicle Body, Security and Condition – (Interior)
4.2	Doors and Seats
4.4	Bumper Bars

#### 4.1 Vehicle Body and Condition – (Exterior)

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p><u>Body Condition (Exterior)</u> Examine the body thoroughly for security, corrosion, damage, poor repair/paint match or sharp edges that are likely to cause injury.</p>	<p><u>Body Condition (Exterior)</u>  <b>a.</b> An insecure or missing body panel, trim step or accessory.  <b>b.</b> Any sharp edge whatsoever which may cause injury  <b>c.</b> Heavy scuffing, abrasions or deformation to front and rear bumper.  <b>d.</b> Numerous stone chips that have or have not penetrated to the metal visible on a bonnet/grill/panel/door edge that have a detrimental effect on the visual appearance of the vehicle.  <b>e.</b> A single dent of more than 80mm in diameter, or more than 3 dents of not more than 20mm in diameter in any one panel.  <b>f.</b> More than 4 scratches and or abrasions of more than 50mm in length in any one panel provided that the base coat has not been penetrated.  <b>g.</b> Dull, faded paintwork which has lost its gloss finish or paint miss match to a panel(s) to such an extent that it detracts from the overall appearance of the vehicle.  <b>h.</b> Evidence of poor repairs and or paint finish to a repaired panel(s) including runs and overspray to adjoining panels/trim that detracts from the overall appearance of the vehicle.  <b>i.</b> Obvious signs of rust/corrosion of any size particularly those that are covered by advertising signs, or where damaged areas have the appearance of being ‘filled’ so as to disguise the extent of any damage.  <b>j.</b> Exterior so dirty as to obscure condition of paintwork.</p>

4.1 Vehicle Body, Security And Condition – (Interior)

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reasons For Rejection</b>
<p><u>Body Condition (Interior)</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> Examine thoroughly the interior for damaged, insecure or loose fixtures, fittings or accessories.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Dirty, missing and worn trim, carpets, seat belts, mats, headlining, boot area and inclusion of prescribed items. Remove mats to inspect carpets underneath for cleanliness and wear.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Examine interior lights, motion door locks and warning lights.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Examine heating, demisting and air condition systems for correct operation, including passenger compartment controls where fitted (includes electric front and rear screen demisters)</p> <p><b>e.</b> Examine all windows ensuring they allow lowering and rising easily.</p> <p><b>f.</b> Examine interior door locks, grab handles/ rails and safety covers.</p> <p><b>g.</b> Examine grills/partitions for security and condition.</p> <p><b>h.</b> Examine electrical wiring for condition and security, including meters (where fitted), intercom systems, etc.</p> <p><b>i.</b> Examine the boot for access, contents, cleanliness and water ingress.</p>	<p><b>a.</b> Insecure and loose fixtures, fittings or accessories.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Missing, dirty, soiled, stained, worn or insecure trim, carpets, headlining, surfaces and mats.</p> <p><b>c.</b> An inoperative interior light (all lights must illuminate if they are part of the manufacturers standard equipment). Missing or defective motion switch/lock or warning lamp not illuminated.</p> <p><b>d.</b> A system(s), which does not function correctly, or any part is missing including vents, controls and switches.</p> <p><b>e.</b> An opening window that is inoperative or difficult to open and or close mechanism broken/missing.</p> <p><b>f.</b> Missing, defective or loose door locks, child locks, protective covers, grab handles and rails. Grab handles/rails, which are rigid and aid the blind and partially sighted are worn to excess.</p> <p><b>g.</b> A grill/ partition which is insecure or has sharp edge(s) which may cause injury to passengers or the driver.</p> <p><b>h.</b> Frayed, chaffing wiring, non-shielded terminals and cables so routed that they cause a trip hazard, cables that can be easily disconnected. Intercom system defective, warning light inoperative and signs illegible/missing.</p> <p><b>i.</b> unable to open, close and or lock boot lid, failure of boot lid support mechanism, defective seals/ evidence of water ingress, dirty boot and or carpets, loose items stored in boot (i.e. spare wheel tools and equipment etc.)</p>

4.2 Doors And Seats

<p><b>Method Of Inspection</b>  <u>Doors And Emergency Exits</u></p>	<p><b>Reason For Rejection</b>  <u>Doors And Emergency Exits</u></p>
<p>Examine the condition of all doors and emergency exits. Check door locks, striker plates handles and hinges for security, wear and missing and damaged trim/cover plates.</p> <p>Check markings describing the presence and method of opening emergency exit(s) are readily visible on or adjacent to the exit and are legible.</p> <p>Check that seats are secure, clean and not unduly worn. All loose seat covers must be removed prior to inspection (except that purpose fitted covers may be left in situ)</p>	<p><b>a.</b> A door or emergency exit does not latch securely in the closed position.</p> <p><b>b.</b> A door or emergency exit cannot be opened from both the inside and outside from the relevant control in each case.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Missing, loose or worn handles, lock or striker plate.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Markings describing the presence and method of opening an emergency exit missing, illegible or incorrect.</p> <p><b>e.</b> Missing loose or damaged trim/cover plate.</p> <p><b>f.</b> Seat cushion(s) stained, torn, holed, worn or insecure. A seat that does not provide adequate support at base or backrest. Torn, slashed or badly stained seats are not acceptable.</p>
<p><u>Accessibility: Wheelchair Vehicles</u></p> <p>Door Configurations for wheelchair accessible vehicles:</p> <p><b>a.</b> Single rear door – must open to a minimum of 90 degrees and be capable of locking in place.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Twin rear doors – both must open to a minimum of 180 degrees and be capable of being locked in place. This is to enable an attendant (driver or guide) to assist the wheelchair passenger if required.</p>	<p><u>Accessibility: Wheelchair Vehicles</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> Door does not open to a full 90 degrees and cannot be secured in the open position.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Twin doors do not open to a full 180 degrees and cannot be secured in the open position.</p>



#### 4.4 Bumper Bars

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
Examine the bumper bars and check: <b>a.</b> They are secure to the vehicle.  <b>b.</b> The mountings are secure to the vehicle.  <b>c.</b> There is no evidence of damage.	<b>a.</b> A loose bumper bar or mounting. A weakened bumper bar and/or mounting is insecure because of poor repairs  <b>b.</b> A fractured mounting bracket. Mounting bolts so worn or elongated that the bumper bar is likely to detach partially or completely from the vehicle when in use. A bumper bar secured by wire or other temporary means is regarded as insecure and must be rejected.  <b>c.</b> Bumper bars which have jagged edges, cracks splits or projections, which may cause injury to persons near the vehicle. Paint miss match or fading which is significantly different to that of the rest of the paintwork.

### **Section 5 – Fuel & Emissions**

#### Section Contents:

Sub-section	Subject
5.1	Exhaust System
5.2	Fuel System – Pipes & Tanks

#### 5.1 Exhaust System

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
Where applicable, check for presence, security and adequacy of grease shields to hot exhausts.	A heat shield is insecure or inadequate.

#### 5.2 Fuel System – Pipes & Tanks

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<b>a.</b> Examine fuel tank(s) for security and leaks  <b>b.</b> Check that fuel tank filler caps are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Present</li></ul>	<b>a.</b> Fuel tank insecure or leaking.  <b>b.</b> A filler cap missing or unsuitable or in such condition that it would not prevent fuel leaking or

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Of the correct type</li> <li>• Secure and seated properly to ensure correct function of sealing.</li> </ul> <p><b>c.</b> Examine pipes to see they are securely clipped to prevent damage by chafing and cracking, and are not in a position where they will be fouled by moving parts.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Check that no fuel pipe runs immediately adjacent to or in direct contact with electrical wiring or the exhaust system.</p>	<p>spilling.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Temporary/ emergency fuel caps are not permitted.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Damaged, chafed, insecure pipes or pipes so positioned that there is a danger of them fouling moving parts.</p> <p><b>d.</b> A fuel pipe immediately to or in direct contact with electrical wiring or exhaust system.</p>
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## **Section 6 – Drivers View Of The Road**

### **Section Contents:**

Sub-section	Subject
6.1	Mirrors
6.3	Windscreen – View To The Front
6.5	Window Glass Or Other Transparent Material

### 6.1 Mirrors

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p>The number and position of all obligatory mirrors must be checked:</p> <p><b>a.</b> Check the condition of each mirror reflecting surface and whether a person sitting in the driver's seat can see clearly to the rear.</p>	<p><b>Note: A defective additional external mirror is not reason for rejection. All licensed vehicles must be fitted with an internal rear view mirror.</b></p> <p><b>a. Mirror Condition</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A mirror reflecting surface deteriorated or broken.</li> <li>• In such a position that a person sitting in the driver's seat cannot see clearly to the rear.</li> </ul>

### 6.3 Windscreen – View To The Front

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p>Sit in the driver’s seat and check that there is a reasonable view of the road ahead, bearing in mind the original design of the vehicle.</p> <p><b>a.</b> For all air operated wipers examine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The condition of any visible piping</li> <li>• The function of the operating mechanism, and</li> <li>• The function of necessary valves to protect the braking system</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Equipment or objects not originally fitted to the vehicle as part of the original design must not obstruct the designed forward view of the driver. In particular, objects such as (but not limited to) pennants, cab decorations and external stone guards/visors should not interrupt the view through the swept area by the windscreen wipers.</p>	<p>The position or size of any object restricts the driver’s view of the road ahead, bearing in mind the original design of the vehicle.</p> <p><b>a.</b> Air operated wipers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pipes inadequately clipped or supported</li> <li>• Incorrect function of the wipers or leaking components</li> <li>• Incorrect operation of protection valves.</li> </ul>

### 6.5 Window Glass Or Other Transparent Material

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p><b>a.</b> Visually Check the condition of all windscreens, internal screens, partitions side, rear, roof, and door windows for cracks, surface damage and discolouration.</p> <p><b>b.</b> Check presence and security of all windscreens, side, rear, or roof windows, or internal screens or partitions.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Check for evidence of obvious leaks from all windscreens and side, rear, roof</p>	<p><b>a.</b> A crack, surface damage or discolouration in glass or other transparent material that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Impairs the drivers front, side or rear view of the road, or;</li> <li>• Presents a danger to any person in the vehicle.</li> <li>• Dirty, smeared or marked glass or other transparent material.</li> <li>• Films placed over the surface of the window such as to darken or make opaque</li> </ul> <p><b>b.</b> A windscreen or any other outside window missing, or any windscreen, window, internal screen or partition insecure.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Any external window or windscreen is obviously leaking.</p>

<p>or door windows.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Check for presence, security and condition of guard rails or barriers at windows, internal screens or partitions.</p> <p><b>e.</b> For all vehicles first used before 1 January 1959. As far as is practicable, check that glass fitted to windscreens and outside windows facing to the front is safety glass.</p> <p><b>f.</b> For all vehicles used on or after 1 January 1959, as far as is practicable, check that glass used for windscreens and all outside windows is safety glass or safety glazing.</p> <p><b>g.</b> Vehicles first used on or after 1 June 1978, check that windscreens and other windows, wholly or partly, on either side of the drivers' seat are made from safety glass displaying an acceptable safety mark.</p> <p><b>h.</b> Vehicles will not be accepted with heavily tinted or blacked out windows. All rear windows shall only be accepted where the tint is in line with the Construction and Use Regulations as set out for the front side windows ie shall permit at least 70% light transmission. <i>*Amended by the Licensing Committee 24 September 2015.</i></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Marking is not required for safety glass used on vehicles first used before 1 June 1978.</p>	<p><b>d.</b> A guard-rail or barrier at a window, internal screen or partition missing, insecure or damaged.</p> <p><b>e.</b> The windscreen and/or any outside window facing to the front of a vehicle obviously not safety glass fitted to a vehicle first used before 1 January 1959</p> <p><b>f.</b> Glass used for a windscreen or an outside window is obviously not safety glass.</p> <p><b>g.</b> For vehicles first used on or after 1 June 1978, that windscreens and/or other windows wholly or partly on either side of the drivers seat that are not made from safety glass display an acceptable safety mark.</p> <p><b>h.</b> Any person in the vehicle must be visible from the outside. This is to ensure not only the safety of passengers but also of the driver to prevent attacks by passengers. Derogation may be applied under exceptional circumstances at the discretion of the Licensing sub-committee. Derogations must be confirmed in writing prior to vehicle compliance test.</p>
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## **Section 7 – Additional Requirements**

### Section Contents:

Sub-section	Subject
7.1	Speedometer
7.2	Transmission
7.3	Engine & Transmission Mountings
7.4	Oil & Water Leaks

7.5	Luggage/ Load Space
7.6	Trailers & Towbars
7.7	Warning lights

### 7.1 Speedometer

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p>a. Check that a speedometer is fitted.</p> <p>b. Check the condition of the speedometer.</p> <p>c. Check that the speedometer can be illuminated.</p>	<p>a. Speedometer not fitted</p> <p>b. Speedometer not complete or clearly inoperative, or dial glass broken or missing.</p> <p>c. The speedometer cannot be illuminated.</p>

### 7.2 Transmission

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p>Examine transmission, check for:</p> <p>a. Missing or loose flange bolts</p> <p>b. Cracked or insecure flanges</p> <p>c. Wear in shaft and/or wheel bearings</p> <p>d. Security of bearing housings</p> <p>e. Cracks or fractures in bearing housings</p> <p>f. Wear in universal joints</p> <p>g. Deterioration of flexible couplings</p> <p>h. Distorted, damaged shafts</p> <p>i. Deterioration of bearing housing flexible mountings</p> <p>j. Clearance between transmission shafts and adjacent components</p> <p><u>Front Wheel Drive</u></p> <p>a. Check the drive shaft inner and outer universal joint couplings and constant velocity joints for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wear and Security</li> </ul>	<p>a. A flange loose or missing flange bolt(s)</p> <p>b. A flange cracked, or loose on the transmission shaft</p> <p>c. Excessive wear in shaft bearing</p> <p>d. A bearing housing insecure to its fixing</p> <p>e. A cracked or fractured bearing housing</p> <p>f. Excessive wear in a universal joint</p> <p>g. Deterioration of a transmission shaft flexible coupling</p> <p>h. A damaged, cracked or bent shaft.</p> <p>i. Deterioration of a flexible mounting of a bearing housing</p> <p>j. Evidence of fouling between any transmission shaft and an adjacent component</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drive shaft constant velocity or universal joint coupling worn or insecure</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damage to flexible rubber or fabric universal joints</li> <li>• Security and oil contamination of flexible rubber or fabric universal joints</li> <li>• Condition, presence and security of constant velocity joint gaiters.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A flexible rubber or fabric universal coupling unit damaged by severe cracking or breaking up</li> <li>• A flexible rubber or fabric universal coupling unit excessively softened by oil contamination or insecure</li> <li>• A drive shaft constant velocity joint gaiter split, missing or insecurely mounted.</li> </ul>
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### 7.3 Engine And Transmission Mountings

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p>a. Engine bay must be reasonably clean</p> <p>b. Examine condition of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mountings</li> <li>• Sub-frames</li> </ul> <p>And</p> <p>c. The security to chassis and check for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fractures</li> <li>• Looseness</li> <li>• Deterioration</li> </ul>	<p>Very dirty or heavily contaminated engine bays can obscure sources of leaks or other problems. Failure to present vehicle with an engine bay in such a condition that leaks etc could be obscured, will result in the test not being completed.</p> <p><b>Any Mounting Or Sub-frame</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Loose</li> <li>-Fractured</li> <li>-Deteriorated</li> <li>-Inappropriate repair</li> </ul>

### 7.4 Oil And Water Leaks

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p>a. Check vehicle for oil and water leaks from any assembly or component to the ground.</p> <p>b. And/or which could be deposited on the surrounding bodywork or onto the exhaust system.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If necessary, the engine can be run at <u>idle speed</u> to confirm the existence of an oil leak.</p>	<p>a. An oil or water leak, from any assembly, which deposits fluids underneath the vehicle whilst stationary.</p> <p>b. Leaks which, when the vehicle is moving, could be deposited upon the surrounding bodywork, exhaust and brake system so that it would:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contaminate areas</li> <li>• Could potentially cause a health, safety or fire risk.</li> </ul>

## 7.5 Luggage/Load Space

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p>Physical separation is not so much an issue as is the safety of passengers in the event of an accident. The luggage should therefore be secure and prevented from becoming dislodged in an accident in such a manner as may cause injury. Such security can be by means of a sheet or net, which could be anchored to the floor of the luggage area. Clearly if the luggage compartment is not physically separated from the passenger compartment then care will need to be taken so as not to carry any hazardous items such as fuel cans, detergents or other loose items that could leak if they become damaged.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Where tonneau covers are present they must be serviceable and suitable for their use.</li> <li>• Vehicles with large areas for the carrying of luggage must have a load restraint system that is serviceable and suitable for its intended use.</li> <li>• Load restraint system faulty or unserviceable.</li> </ul>

## 7.6 Trailers & Towbars

<b>Method Of Inspection</b>	<b>Reason For Rejection</b>
<p><u>Trailers</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> Where a local licensing authority permits the use of trailers for the carriage of luggage, then the trailer needs to be presented for test along with the vehicle that will be authorised to tow it. The trailer will also need to display the appropriate registration plate.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Trailers presented for inspection should be built by an approved or recognised trailer manufacturer.</p> <p>An example of a typical trailer inspection sheet can be found at Appendix 'A'</p> <p><u>Tow-bars</u></p> <p><b>b.</b> Where tow bars are fitted checks must be made on the condition and security to the towing vehicle</p>	<p><b>a.</b> Rejections as indicated on the trailer inspection sheet shown at Appendix 'A'</p> <p><b>b.</b> Rejections as indicated on the trailer inspection sheet shown at appendix 'B'</p>

## 7.7 Warning lights or alarms

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
Dashboard fascia warning lights are illuminated, and/or alarms are activated it shall be at the discretion of the testing station as to whether or not the test is completed.	

## **Section 8 – Ancillary Equipment**

### Section Contents:

Sub-section	Subject
8.1	Wheelchair Restraint & Access Equipment
8.2	Fire Extinguisher
8.3	First Aid Kit
8.4	Meter

### 8.1 Wheelchair Restraint & Access Equipment

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p><u>Wheelchair Restraint</u>  <b>a.</b> Where applicable check condition and operation of wheelchair restraint.</p> <p><u>Wheelchair Access &amp; Equipment</u>            A vehicle shall be fitted with either of the following forms of wheelchair access equipment:</p> <p><b>Ramps</b>  <b>c.</b> Check that appropriate ramps fitted are securely installed in the designated storage area. Examine for damage, deformity, sharp edges etc. and provision of anti-slip covering.</p> <p><b>Wheelchair Lift</b>  <b>d.</b> A purpose designed wheelchair lift shall conform to the LOLER 98 Regulations. A report, confirming that the lifting equipment is safe to use, shall be presented at the time of the vehicle inspection. Vehicles presented for inspection with a wheelchair lift will require a LOLER certificate that is valid for a period of six months from the date of issue.</p>	<p><b>a.</b> A wheelchair restraint is defective, worn or missing.</p> <p><b>c.</b> Ramps missing, insecurely stored, damaged/ deformed, anti-slip covering in poor condition or missing.</p> <p><b>d.</b> Vehicle not presented with a valid or current LOLER certificate.</p>



<p><b>e.</b> Any purpose designed wheelchair access ramp is carried must be lightweight and easy to deploy. The installed ramp shall have visible reference to safe working load of 250 kgs and certified to BS 6109.</p> <p><b>f.</b> Wheelchair access equipment shall be fitted either into the rear or side access door of the vehicle. Where it is fitted to a side door this shall be the door situated on the near side of the vehicle, i.e. kerbside when stopped in a normal road.</p> <p><b>g.</b> The aperture of the door into which the access equipment is fitted shall have minimum clear headroom in its central third of 48 inches (1,220 mm). The measurement shall be taken from the upper centre of the fully raised platform, or the upper face of the ramp fully deployed on level ground.</p> <p><b>h.</b> A locking mechanism shall be fitted that holds the access door in the open position whilst in use.</p> <p><b>i.</b> All wheelchair tracking must be fit for purpose and structurally sound.</p> <p>Further information on Disabled peoples transport is available from the <b>Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee (DPTAC) Website Below.</b>  <a href="http://www.dptac.gov.uk">www.dptac.gov.uk</a></p>	<p><b>e.</b> The installed ramp does not have any visible reference to a maximum safe working load or certification BS 6109.</p> <p><b>f.</b> Wheelchair access equipment is fitted to the off-side access door of the vehicle.</p> <p><b>g.</b> There is not clear headroom in the aperture within the central third of 48 inches (1,220 mm).</p> <p><b>h.</b> No evidence of a suitable locking mechanism to hold the door open.</p> <p><b>i.</b> Damaged or insecure tracking or detritus deposits within the tracking rails.</p>
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## 8.2 Fire Extinguisher

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p><b>a.</b> Check the fire extinguisher for presence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The expiry date</li> <li>• Seal</li> <li>• Type- water, CO<sub>2</sub> or dry powder</li> <li>• Approved mark – BS5423 or</li> </ul>	<p><b>a.</b> A fire extinguisher is missing or:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Out of date</li> <li>• Broken or missing seal.</li> <li>• No approved marking visible or other non-approved marking shown.</li> </ul>

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<p><b>b.</b> The fire extinguisher must be kept in an accessible position. The extinguisher may be carried out of view, i.e. in a fastened glove compartment or boot area provided there is a clear sign on the dashboard, stating the location.</p> <p><b>c.</b> The fire extinguisher must be permanently marked with the vehicle licence plate number, on the shoulder of the fire extinguisher in such a manner that it can be clearly seen and read.</p>	<p><b>b.</b> Not fitted in an accessible position or its position is not clearly marked.</p> <p><b>c.</b> The fire extinguisher is not permanently marked. Purpose of marking is to prevent fire extinguishers being passed between vehicles for test purposes only.</p>

### 8.3 First Aid Kit

Method Of Inspection	Reason For Rejection
<p><b>a.</b> Check the first aid kit for presence and sufficient contents. Based on information available from the HSE a minimum stock of first-aid items should include</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a leaflet giving general guidance on first aid (for example, HSE's leaflet <u>Basic advice on first aid at work</u>);</li> <li>(ii) a selection of individually wrapped sterile plasters (assorted sizes),</li> <li>(iii) sterile eye pads;</li> <li>(iv) individually wrapped triangular bandages, preferably sterile;</li> <li>(v) six safety pins;</li> <li>(vi) large sterile individually wrapped unmedicated wound dressings;</li> <li>(vii) medium-sized sterile individually wrapped unmedicated wound dressings;</li> <li>(viii) at least three pairs of disposable gloves</li> </ul> <p><b>b.</b> The first aid kit must be kept in an accessible position inside the vehicle. The first aid kit may be carried out of view, i.e. in a fastened glove compartment provided there is a clear sign on the dashboard, stating the location.</p>	<p><b>a.</b> A first aid kit is missing, or has insufficient contents</p> <p><b>b.</b> The first aid kit is not in an accessible position or its position is not clearly marked.</p>

#### 8.4 Meters

<p>a. Check wiring of meter is sound and secure</p> <p>b. Check top light works when activated by meter.</p>	<p>a. Wiring is damaged, frayed, loose or not properly secured</p> <p>b. Top light not operative</p>
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#### 8.5 CCTV Cameras or other ancillary equipment

<p>a. Check that any associated wiring is sound and secure.</p> <p>b. Must clearly display signage that CCTV is present and in use in the vehicle.</p> <p>c. Other ancillary equipment such as chip and pin facilities must be securely fixed in such positions that they do not impact on the driver ie it must not be located in proximity to gear levers or other essential controls.</p>	<p>a. Wiring is damaged, frayed, loose or not properly secured</p> <p>b. Signage not displayed or in such a position so as to obstruct the view of the driver, or not clearly visible to all passengers in the vehicle.</p> <p>c. Equipment is not located in an appropriate position.</p>
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### **Section 9 – Display of Information**

#### Section Contents:

Sub-section	Subject
9.1	Advertising
9.2	No Smoking Signage

#### 9.1 Advertising

<p>a. Advertising shall not obstruct the driving view of the driver at any time.</p> <p>b. All windows free of advertising matter except for hackney carriage or private hire vehicle company details.</p> <p>c. All bodywork free of advertising matter except for hackney carriage and private hire vehicles company details. Additional advertising material shall only be permitted if the written prior approval of the Council has been obtained and is provided at the time of the test.</p>	<p>a. Advertising material that obstructs the driving view of the driver.</p> <p>b. Non company details advertised on windows.</p> <p>c. Non company details advertised on bodywork without prior approval of Council.</p>
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## 9.2 No Smoking Signs

<p>Prominent display of no smoking sign within the passenger compartment. Note. It is a legal requirement that at least one sign must be prominently displayed. Advisory: Two signs should be displayed, one on each side of the vehicle in order to advise passengers that smoking is not permitted in the vehicle.</p>	<p>Lack of clearly displayed or omission of 'No Smoking' signage.</p>
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**APPENDIX B**

**Trailer Inspection Sheet**

Name of owner of trailer:	
Address of owner of trailer:	
Contact number of owner:	
Manufacturers plate showing chassis number:	
Manufacturers plate showing maximum weight:	

Inspection Area	Description	Pass (tick)	Fail (X)
Trailer couplings	Check condition and operation and presence of a safety breakaway cable		
Tow bar mounting brackets	Check condition and security		
Trailer body	Check condition of side and rear tailboards		
Trailer chassis	Check condition		
Suspension	Check condition and operation		
Wheel bearings	Check for excessive free play or roughness in bearings		
Tonneau cover and fittings	Check for condition		
Wheels and tyres	Check security, condition and wear		
Braking system	Operates satisfactorily		
Lighting	All obligatory lights work		
Indicators	All indicators work		
Reflective triangle	Check presence and condition		
Number plate	Check condition, security of fitting and displayed clearly		
Speed restriction notice	Check condition and displayed clearly		

I hereby certify that the above trailer has been inspected and **\*has/ has not** been found to be roadworthy and suitable to be used as a hackney carriage or private hire trailer at the time of inspection. (\*Delete as appropriate)

Examined by (name)  
 Position  
 Signature  
 Date

**GUIDELINES TO PURCHASING A NEW VEHICLE TO BE LICENSED BY  
CAERPHILLY COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL AS A HACKNEY CARRIAGE OR  
PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE CHECKLIST**

**PLEASE NOTE THIS CHECKLIST DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL OR  
AUTHORISATION THAT A VEHICLE IS SUITABLE TO BE LICENSED AS A TAXI.**

Vehicles new to licensing will be subject to a pre-licensing assessment by authorised officers. Vehicles which cannot meet the conditions of application as set out by this Council may be referred to the Licensing Sub-Committee for determination. The purpose of this checklist is to assist potential purchasers as to the suitability of particular vehicles to be used as taxis. Conditions of application can be accessed via the Council's website at [www.caerphilly.gov.uk](http://www.caerphilly.gov.uk) or by contacting the licensing section via [licensing@caerphilly.gov.uk](mailto:licensing@caerphilly.gov.uk)

**Vehicle seating capacity**

- (i) Not more than 4 passengers, generally acceptable for licensing
- (ii) More than 4 passengers seats where no other seat has to be moved or folded to gain access to seats may be acceptable for licensing (Such as London style taxis)
- (iii) More than 4 passengers where any other seat has to be moved or folded to gain access to seats may be subject to referral to the Licensing sub-committee.

<b>Does the vehicle satisfy the following criteria?</b>		<b>Insert Y or N</b> <i>As appropriate</i>
1.	Is right hand drive	
2.	Has 4 road wheels	
3.	Each seat is fitted with seat belts	
4.	Age of vehicle calculated from date of first registration must be no more than four years before the date of commencement of the licence (ie the date of first licensing to be before the fifth anniversary of the date of first registration). Where the registration details of the vehicle is inconsistent with the date of first registration applicants will be required to provide proof of the date of manufacture.	

5.	Doors open sufficiently wide to allow easy entry and exit from vehicle	
6.	Doors open sufficiently wide so as not to inconvenience passengers	
7.	Height from top of seat cushion to the roof is 32 inches (81 cms) or more	
8.	Knee Space – There must be adequate space between the back of one seat and the squab of the back seat (ie passenger can sit without knees being pushed into the back of the seat in front )	
9.	Seat depth from front edge to rear must be a minimum of 18 inches (46 cms)	
10.	Seat width, each seat must be at least 16 inches wide (41 cms). Adjacent seating must allow at least 16 inches (41 cms) for each passenger (example rear seat for 3 passengers must be at least 48 inches / 123 cms wide).	
11.	Seating accessibility – any vehicle where access to seats is restricted and the seats must be moved, fold, or otherwise displaced will be automatically referred to the Licensing Sub Committee for determination of the suitability of access and egress for passengers.	
12.	Rear and rear side windows must comply with level of tint as set out for the front side windows in the Construction and Use Regulations ie must allow at least 70% light transmission.	

**N.B. Where there is any uncertainty as to any item complying with the Council's conditions of application it is likely that on application the matter would be referred to the licensing sub-committee for determination.**